

James Bateman Middle School

Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2023 to 2024 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	James Bateman Middle School
Number of pupils in school	395
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	146 (37%)
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2021-2024 (3-year action plan separate)
Date this statement was published	Dec 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	Termly
Statement authorised by	T Price
Pupil premium lead	A Walton
Governor / Trustee lead	G Nixon

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£162,495
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£18,360
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£180,855
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

• What are your ultimate objectives for your disadvantaged pupils?

Our school will ensure that the Pupil Premium funding reaches the groups of pupils for whom it was intended and that it makes a significant impact on their education and lives.

The Pupil Premium will be used to provide additional educational support to improve the progress and raise the achievement for these pupils.

The funding will be used to narrow and close the gap between the achievement of these pupils and their peers.

The school will use the additional funding to address any underlying inequalities between children eligible for Pupils Premium and others.

How does your current pupil premium strategy plan work towards achieving those objectives?

At present, we will focus on the key challenges that are preventing our disadvantaged students from attaining well:

This includes strategies to improve attendance of disadvantaged students in all year groups, to improve progress in maths, reading and writing through quality first teaching, 1:1/group interventions and well-being support. To improve the performance of disadvantage boys and those who are SEND. Our approach will be through robust diagnostic assessment and through the relationships we build with our learners.

• What are the key principles of your strategy plan?

- Provision of excellent teaching through recruitment, retention and CPD of staff as well as excellent pedagogy and quality 1st teaching.
- We will regularly seek to further develop strategies and interventions which can improve the progress and attainment of these pupils. Examples of the range of provision we may put in place include:
- Providing small group or 1:1 support with an experienced member of staff to focus on overcoming barriers to learning
- Facilitating pupils' access to education and the curriculum through additional or specialist resources e.g. specialist software
- Additional teaching and learning opportunities provided through learning mentors, trained TAs or external agencies
- Targeted support for those Pupil Premium pupils who demonstrate poor attendance, and/or behaviour and support their well-being which will lead to improved progress and attainment. Links formed between families and school to improve trust and confidence.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Assessments, observations, and discussions show the underperformance of higher ability pupil premium, tracking these student to ensure they continue to be greater depth and make sure staff are aware of the target students.
2	Performance of SEND PP pupils, to ensure our SEND PP students are supported, to ensure they, make progress along side SEND non PP.
3	Development of aspirations/opportunities for pupil premium pupils, pupil questionnaires show some of our PP pupils do not aspire to do much once they leave school.
4	Low level behaviours in some lessons and certain subject areas that can affect the learning of PP students.
5	Attendance and parental engagement, including poor access to learning resources at home, Attendance showed disadvantaged students attendance was lower than non-disadvantaged.
6	Mental well-being and closing the gap due to missed learning from COVID19. Discussions with pupils and families have identified social and emotional issues for many pupils, notably due to a lack of enrichment opportunities during school closure. These challenges particularly affect disadvantaged pupils, including their attainment. Teacher referrals for support have markedly increased during the pandemic (approx. 50% whom are disadvantaged) currently require
	additional support with social and emotional needs, with some disadvantaged receiving small group interventions.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Further improve the progress of high attaining disadvantaged pupils.	The progress of disadvantaged students is at least in line with the progress of other students nationally
Further improve the progress of SEND disadvantaged pupils.	SEND disadvantaged students to perform at least in line with all non-disadvantaged students nationally.

Further improve the progress for all disadvantaged pupils - especially in writing and maths.	Disadvantaged students to perform at least in line with all non-disadvantaged students nationally in English and Mathematics. Reading ages tested for all pupils in. Pupils reading ages to improve across all year groups
Development of aspirations for disadvantaged pupils – cultural capital opportunities.	Disadvantaged students to access a greater range of enrichment activity/ educational visit evident varying subjects. Disadvantaged students have increased chances to cultural capital and enrichment opportunities. Target for all pupil premium students to experience at least 2 different opportunities per year.
Improve PP behaviour, look at key areas where low level behaviour is causing PP students to fall behind.	Reduced behaviour incidents for PP students over the year and more PP students accessing the rewards system.
6. To improve the attendance of all disadvantaged pupils – especially p/a pupils.	Disadvantaged students to attend at least in line with all non-disadvantaged students nationally. Attendance of disadvantaged students to be 96% as the school target. PA levels are below national figures.
To ensure the mental well-being of PP students is supported.	PP students access support from well- being to support their learning
To improve parental engagement of PP parents	More PP parents attend events to gain information about different aspects of school not just parents' evenings but areas to celebrate success, potentially increase parental attendance at parents' evenings

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £ 86,281

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Recruitment and retention to support Quality 1st teaching	Quality of Teaching for All (EEF Reducing Class sizes +3/ small group tuition +4) https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit	1, 3
CPD to support Q1stT To embed the MAT Teaching and Learning policy to improve outcomes for PP students	Improve Outcomes for PP Students in curriculum areas including Maths and English (EEF- Mastery Learning +5/ Metacognition +7) https://educationendowmentfoundation.o rg.uk Rosenshine's Principles	All
CPD and work with local LA to develop restorative justice and support staff behaviour management strategies to improve learning and support.	Behaviour interventions +4 https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/behaviour-interventions	5
CPD for all teachers teaching English. Writing, reading, etc, timetabled on the meeting rota.		1, 2, 3
CPD for maths department. Subject knowledge enhancement course for 1 member of staff new to the department (4 1/2day sessions)		1, 2, 3

Lesson Design in KS2 course for 2 staff (4 ½ day sessions) Subject knowledge enhancement course for 2TAs (5 ½ day sessions) Whole department CPD focusing of the teaching of reasoning and problem solving		
(need identified from staff survey)		
Planning clinics to support staff planning lessons in areas of the curriculum where staff are less confident (need identified from staff survey)		
Resources, to ensure staff are able to support PP students in class and provide PP students with any extra resources to enhance their learning.		5,6
Smaller Class sizes, with reduced numbers in Y5 and Y6 we have kept the same school structure of 4 forms in each year to support students in smaller class sizes.	Reducing Class sizes +3 https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit	1, 3
Reading and language support. Reading champion to continue to monitor reading	Oral Language interventions +6 https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit	1, 4

ages and then support Library interventions - targeting lowest 20% which consists of PP		
Improve our homework system to ensure we are stretching the most able but giving chances to consolidate learning of other students.	Homework +5 https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/homework	1,
Homework club to run in school at lunch times 3x per week, ran by teaching staff.		
Use of Arbor to support teaching and learning with the identification if students requiring different levels of support, demographics and assessments	Staff voice to give feedback on new systems and how best to collate and disseminate information to stay updated to support PP students. Help to track attendance and behaviour to apply early strategies to support.	

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £30,275

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Recovery Programme to support students and close the gap (interventions, resources, staff CPD)	small group tuition +4 https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit 2 Days per week	1, 2
Interventions to targeted PP and SEND students	small group tuition +4, https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit	1, 2
TA Interventions (reading comprehension)	TA interventions +4, Reading comprehension +6 https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit	2

Tutor leading 3 y6 arithmetic intervention groups (6 pupils per group) in 6-week blocks. All Y6 PP pupils will access this		
TA leading 2 y6 arithmetic intervention groups and 2 hrs in class support targeting greater depth pupils		
Greater depth writing interventions	small group tuition +4, https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit	1

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £ 51,031

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Strategies to support attendance of disadvantaged students: EWO, Attend, 1st day absence phone calls Service level agreement with VIP Education to provide contracted hours of an education welfare officer	 The Department for Education (DfE) published research in 2016 which found that: The higher the overall absence rate across Key Stage (KS) 2 and KS4, the lower the likely level of attainment at the end of KS2 and KS4 Pupils with no absence are 1.3 times more likely to achieve level 4 or above, and 3.1 times more likely to achieve level 5 or above, than pupils that missed 10-15% of all sessions Pupils with no absence are 2.2 times more likely to achieve 5+ GCSEs A*- C or equivalent including English and mathematics than pupils that missed 15-20% of KS4 lessons Pupils with persistent absence are less likely to stay in education 	5
Provision of a bespoke Well-being centre to support access to learning	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g.,	5

Inhouse well-being staff, Visyon	improved academic performance, attitudes, behaviour and relationships with peers): Social and emotional learning +4 Behaviour interventions +4 https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit	
Student support fund to help support cultural capital or families in need.	Parents are telling us at times they can not afford uniform or equipment, so the support from a small pot to help when needed. Learners at our school need to be dressed in uniform in line with school expectations. Our standards should not be lower for those who cannot afford and therefore we will help if required. It also means that students do not feel different from their peers and helps them to fit in.	4
Breakfast club		5
Additional pastoral support to improve attendance and work with Assistant heads, progress leaders to get students in to school	A pastoral support staff member to triage issues to try and get student back to school as quick as possible.	4, 5
Parental engagement, to increase PP parents communication and getting them in to school for positive events.	Parental engagement +4 https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/parental-engagement	4

Total budgeted cost: £

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2023 to 2024 academic year.		

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider

Service pupil premium funding (optional)

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	

Further information (optional)

Use this space to provide any further information about your pupil premium strategy. For example, about your strategy planning, or other activity that you are implementing to support disadvantaged pupils, that is not dependent on pupil premium or recovery premium funding.